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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/280,609	03/29/1999	DAVID BARCK	6402	6402 6090	
25763	7590 02/22/2002				
DORSEY & WHITNEY LLP			EXAMI	EXAMINER	
50 SOUTH SIXTH STREET MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402-1498			WILLETT, S	WILLETT, STEPHAN F	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	**		2152		
·			DATE MAILED: 02/22/2002	DATE MAILED: 02/22/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

PTO-90C (Rev. 07-01)

NY



Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/280,609 Applicant(s)

Barck et al.

Examiner

Stephan Willett

Group Art Unit 2756



Responsive to communication(s) filed on Mar 29, 1999 - e 2 5eg.	
☐ This action is FINAL.	
	s to the merits is closed
A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set to expire3month(s), or the onger, from the mailing date of this communication. Failure to respond within the period for responding application to become abandoned. (35 U.S.C. § 133). Extensions of time may be obtained under the CFR 1.136(a).	ISC WIII CAUSE LIVE
Disposition of Claim	d a manufication to the emplication
★ Claim(s) 1-40 in the state of the stat	s/are pending in the applicat
Of the above, claim(s) is/are	withdrawn from consideration
☐ Claim(s)	
☐ Claim(s)	is/are objected to.
☐ Claims are subject to rest	riction or election requirement.
 See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948. ☐ The drawing(s) filed on	
Attachment(s) Notice of References Cited, PTO-892 Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No(s)	
SEE OFFICE ACTION ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES	

Office Action Summary

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103© and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Puri with Patent Number 6,064,982 in view of Christeson et al. with Patent Number 5,926,817.
- 4. Regarding claim(s) 1-11, 13, 21-25, 27-33 and 39-40, Puri teaches a product configuration system over a LAN. Puri teaches (a) interactively eliciting from a user on the at least one client a desired subset of possible products having technical configurations as "the smart configurator provides interactive, off-line product selection dialog in which a matrix of company products is presented", col. 3, lines 54-56. Puri teaches (b) in response to the user's desired subset of possible products having technical configurations, downloading from the at

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least one server to the at least one client limited configuration information and limited configuration programs as "various packaged options are available for selection and/or individual components may be selected", col. 5, lines 52-53. Puri teaches © interactively eliciting from the user on the at least one client a desired technical configuration and preliminarily checking at the at least one client the viability of the desired technical configuration using the limited configuration information and the limited configuration programs as "the smart configurator determines the appropriate hardware requirements to run the software in an acceptable fashion", col. 3, lines 63-65. Puri teaches (d) uploading the desired technical configuration from the at least one client to the at least one server and performing a full check on the viability of the desired technical configuration using full configuration information and full configuration programs on the at least one server as "the actual hardware requirements for particular software solution are automatically determined by the smart configurator", col. 5, lines 63-65. Puri teaches (e) responsive to the full check, preparing and outputting on the at least one client an electronic order report as "the smart configurator provides a proposal template that merges various customer related information into a generic proposal", col. 6, lines 20-22. Puri teaches the invention in the above claim(s) except for explicitly teaching desired technical configurations. In that Puri operates to generate configuration fields, the artisan would have looked to the network configuration arts for details of implementing a user selections. In that art, Christeson, a related network configuration system, teaches an "the same applies to changes to access types and service types", col. 4, lines 9-11 in order to provide versatility. Christeson specifically teaches that "once the representative has completed entering all required fields and has selected the appropriate optional fields" at col. 6,

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lines 36-37. A user's selection of desired fields is possible and only viable alternatives are pursued. Further, Christeson suggests that "error messages are displayed with solutions", col. 4, lines 29 will result from implementing his system. The motivation to incorporate optional fields insures that only viable configurations are accepted. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate options viability as taught in Christeson into the configuration system described in Puri because Puri operates with selectable fields and Christeson suggests that optimization can be obtained with optional fields. Therefore, by the above rational, the above claims are rejected.

- 5. Regarding claims 12, 34 and 36, Christeson teaches using a TCP/IP connection to pass an HTTP request from the client to the server as "such TCP/IP", col. 12, lines 14. Thus, the above claim limitations are obvious in view of the combination.
- 6. Regarding claims 14, 15, 16, 20, 26 and 35-38, Puri teaches the limited configuration programs comprise an HTML page and client-side programs, the client-side programs comprise a plug-in or helper-application and the client-side programs include one or more programs selected from Java, JavaScript, ActiveX, and Helper-Viewer and CGIs as "dynamic HTML and JAVA script", col. 3, lines 13. Thus, the above claim limitations are obvious in view of the combination.
- 7. Regarding claims 17, 18, 19 and, Christeson teaches the client-side programs are cached on the client, the client-side programs are cached in client-side memory and the client-side programs are cached in client-side disk storage as "removable storage unit, also called a program storage device or a computer program product, represents a floppy disk, magnetic tape, compact disk, etc.", col. 14, lines 19-22. Thus, the above claim limitations are obvious in view

of the combination.

Conclusion

- 8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure is disclosed in the Notice of References Cited.
- 9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Stephan Willett whose telephone number is (703) 308-5230. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Friday from 8:00 AM to 6:00 PM.
- 10. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matar Ahmad, can be reached on (703) 305-4731. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 305-9731.
- 11. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-9605.

sfw

February 14, 2002